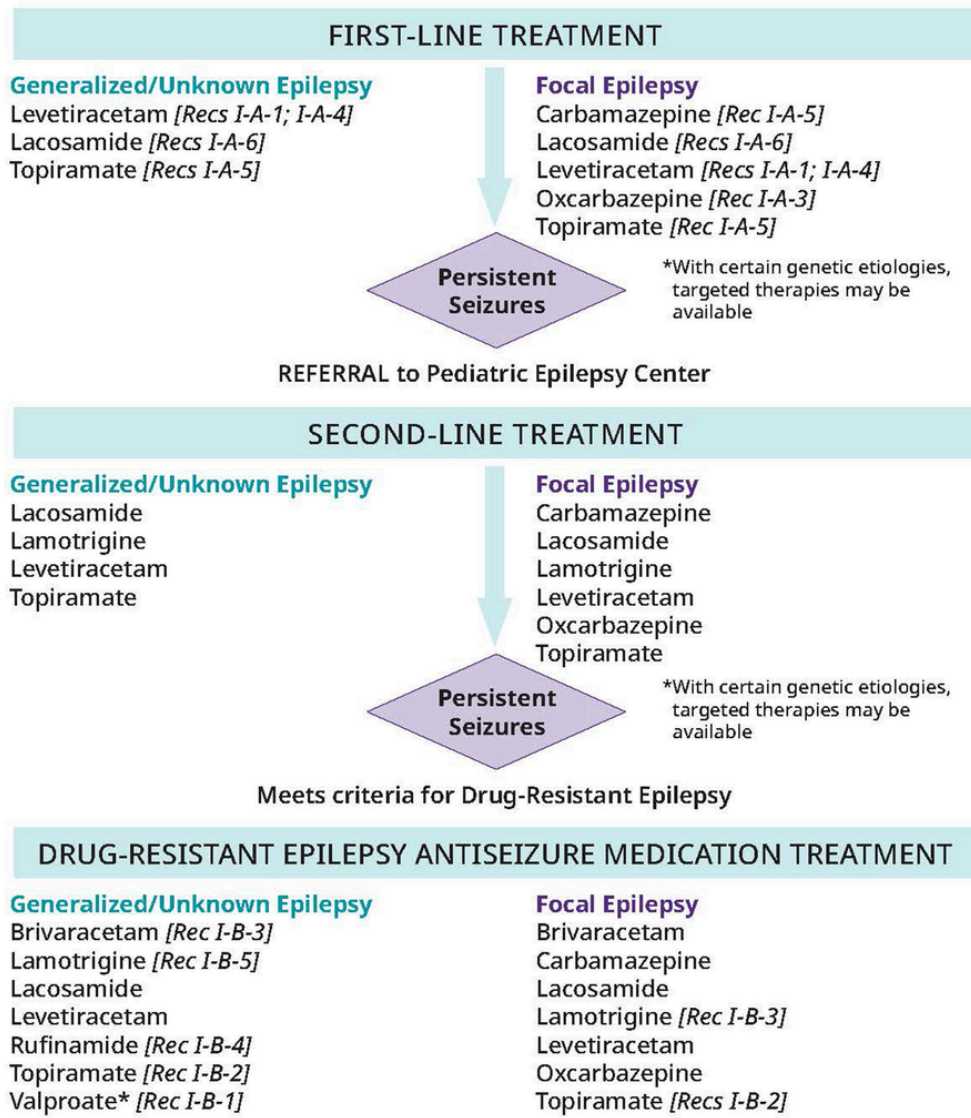


INFANTILE EPILEPSY CLINICAL DECISION TOOL

Antiseizure Medications

Disclaimer: medications are ordered alphabetically, not in order of efficacy



- Evidence analyses for priority Clinical Questions selected for the AHRQ systematic review and followed for the AES Infantile Epilepsy Guideline were the basis for all Recommendations referenced above except where noted for clobazam, Epidiolex, and zonisamide. Recommendations were developed using GRADE methodology.

- All Recommendations referred to in this visual are Conditional with Very Low Certainty of Evidence (CoE), except
 - Recommendations are I-A-4 and I-B-2 is Conditional with Low CoE

Special epilepsy syndromes

Lennox-Gastaut syndrome: Consider clobazam, rufinamide, valproate, Epidiolex

Dravet syndrome: Consider clobazam, valproate*, stiripentol, Epidiolex (follow published protocol)

*Valproate: Use with caution with unknown etiology or in the absence of other treatment.

Commonly used medications that were not evaluated by this Guideline:
 clobazam, pharmaceutical grade cannabidiol, zonisamide, phenobarbital, phenytoin, fenfluramine
 Felbamate and gabapentin not used often
 *note that zonisamide does not have FDA approval in this age range